St.Germain • Collins



Environmental Training Requirements





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Webinar Topics

Environmental Training Requirements

- Maine Resource
 Conservation and Recovery
 Act (RCRA)
- U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT): Hazardous Materials Shipping
- International Air Transport Association (IATA): Dangerous Goods Shipping by Air

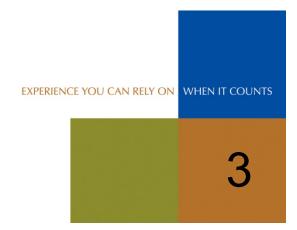
- Clean Water Act (CWA): Oil Pollution Prevention and Stormwater Pollution Prevention
- Clean Air Act (CAA): Chemical Accident Prevention



Program Content

- Regulatory Citations
- Training Objectives
- Training Elements
- Who Needs Training
- Trainer Qualifications
- Frequency and Duration





Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

Maine Training Requirements





CMR Ch. 851 Section 8(B)(5) and 40 CFR 264.16
State of Maine Personnel Training Requirements
Large Quantity Generators (LQGs) (generate >100 kg/month)

Training Objective:

To teach employees to perform their duties as they pertain to hazardous waste management in accordance with the MEDEP Rules including the implementation of their Hazardous Waste

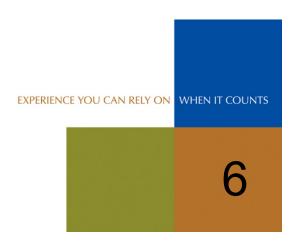
Contingency Plan (HWCP).





Training Elements

- Waste determinations
- 2. Pre-transport requirements, packaging, labeling, and marking
- 3. Satellite Accumulation Area (SAA) requirements
- 4. Hazardous Waste Storage Area (HWSA) requirements
- HWCP awareness
 - Purpose of the plan
 - Incidental spill vs. emergency spill
 - Emergency Coordinators
 - Whom to notify when a spill occurs



Training Elements for HWCP Implementation:

- 1. Emergency Coordinators and others with a role in the plan
- Incidental spill vs. emergency spill
- 3. Response to spills, fires, explosions and groundwater contamination
- 4. Communication and alarm systems
- 5. Evacuation procedures
- 6. Process operations and electrical cut-off systems
- 7. Inspecting and maintaining emergency response equipment
- 8. Internal and external notifications
- 9. Updating and amending the HWCP
- 10. Emergency response agreements

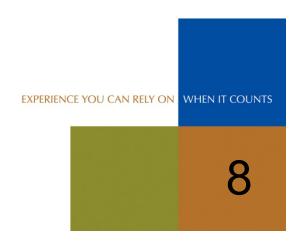


Whom to Train:

Facility personnel must be trained in hazardous waste procedures relevant to their position (i.e. job description, tasks and duties).

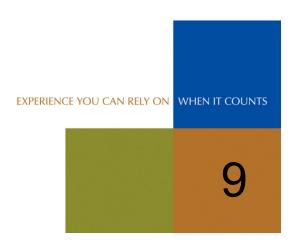
Trainer Qualifications:

Training to be conducted by a person trained in hazardous waste management.



Frequency/Duration:

- Annual training is required.
- New employees or employees newly assigned to manage hazardous waste must not work in an unsupervised position until trained.
- Duration of training is not specified.



U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Shipments of Hazardous Materials/Wastes



49 CFR Part 172 Subpart H
Shipments of Hazardous Materials/Wastes

Applicability:

Facilities that -

- Offer hazardous materials (including wastes) for shipping.
- Package, mark or label hazardous material for transportation.
- Load/unload hazardous materials transport-vehicles.
- Transport hazardous materials.
- Receive and forward packages containing hazardous materials.

Training Objective:

To ensure the safe and proper ground transportation of hazardous materials.

Training Elements:

- 1. General awareness all hazmat employees.
- 2. Function-specific specific job duties.
- 3. Safety training emergency response procedures and personal protection.
- 4. Security awareness.
- 5. Facility-specific security.
- > Testing is required.



Whom to Train:

- Hazmat Employees
 - Any employee "who in the course of employment directly affects hazardous materials transportation safety".
 - Employer determines details of training required per job function.

Trainer Qualifications:

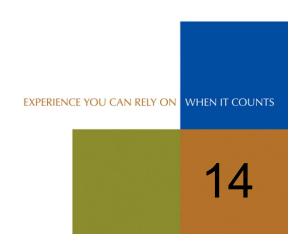
- Training may be provided by employer or public or private sources.
- The employer is responsible for ensuring adequate training for each Hazmat employee.

EXPERIENCE YOU CAN RELY ON WHEN IT COUNTS

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Frequency/Duration:

- Initial training under trained supervision and within 90 days of employment or new job function.
- Recurrent at least once every three years.
- In-depth security training within 90 days of implementation of a revised security plan.
- Duration of training is not specified.





49 CFR Part 171.22, 23, 24 / IATA DGR 1.5 International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) - Shipping by Air

Applicability:

Employees who prepare shipments of hazardous materials also regulated as dangerous goods under the IATA DGR must have a detailed understanding of the IATA rules that apply to their hazmat job function.

Training Objective:

To ensure safety, proper packaging, labeling, and documentation of dangerous goods.



Training Elements:

- Format of the regulations.
- 2. Use of the List of Dangerous Goods.
- 3. Packaging.
- 4. Labeling and marking.
- 5. Limited and Excepted quantities.
- 6. Handling and safety requirements.
- 7. Proper documentation.



Whom to Train:

Training is required for all individuals who affect the air transportation safety of dangerous goods.

Trainer Qualifications:

Instructors must "have adequate instructional skills and must have successfully completed a DG training program".

Frequency/Duration:

Initial training is required prior to being allowed to ship dangerous goods.

- Recurrent training is required every two years.
- Duration of training is not specified.

Clean Water Act – Oil Pollution Prevention





Clean Water Act – Oil Pollution Prevention

40 CFR Part 112 – Oil Pollution Prevention

Applicability:

Facilities required to have an Oil Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan

- >42,000 gallons underground storage
- >1,320 gallons aboveground storage
 - ≥ 55-gallon capacities (e.g., drums, elevator reservoirs, coolant reservoirs, transformers, etc.)

Training Objective:

To help prevent releases of oil and promote facility safety.

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Clean Water Act – Oil Pollution Prevention

Training Elements:

- 1. Equipment operations and maintenance to prevent discharges.
- 2. Discharge procedures and protocols.
- 3. Applicable pollution control laws and regulations.
- 4. General facility operations.
- 5. Contents of the facility Oil SPCC Plan.
- 6. Description of known discharges or failures.
- 7. Recently implemented best management practices.

Clean Water Act – Oil Pollution Prevention

Whom to Train:

"Oil-handling personnel" – employees engaged in the operation and maintenance of oil-storage containers or the operation of equipment related to storage containers and emergency response personnel.

Trainer Qualifications:

Not specified; owner/operator is required to ensure adequate training.

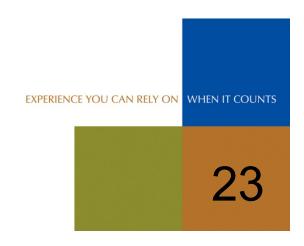
Frequency/Duration:

- Annual training is required.
- Duration of training is not specified.



Clean Water Act – Stormwater Pollution Prevention





Clean Water Act - Stormwater **Pollution Prevention**

40 CFR Part 122.26

2015 NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP) for Industrial Activities Associated with Stormwater **Discharges**

Applicability:

Facilities regulated under federal stormwater regulations for industrial activities with potential stormwater exposure to significant materials.

Training Objective:

Implementation of Best Management Practices to prevent storm water contamination and familiarity with Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) content/permit EXPERIENCE YOU CAN RELY ON WHEN IT COUNTS requirements.

Clean Water Act - Stormwater **Pollution Prevention**

Training Elements:

- Overview of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) contents.
- Spill response procedures.
- 3. Good housekeeping.
- Maintenance requirements.
- 5. Material management practices.
- Type and location of site controls for stormwater pollution prevention.
- Inspections, monitoring, recordkeeping, and corrective actions.

Clean Water Act – Stormwater Pollution Prevention

Whom to Train:

All employees that work in areas where industrial materials or activities are exposed to stormwater and for employees that are responsible for implementing activities identified in the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP).

Trainer Qualifications:

Not specified; owner/operator is required to ensure adequate training.

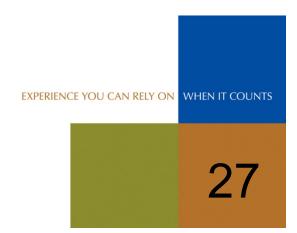
Frequency/Duration:

- Annual training is required.
- Duration of training is not specified.



Clean Air Act – Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions





Clean Air Act – Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions

40 CFR Part 68 - Risk Management Planning (RPM)

 Section 68.54 for Program 2 Prevention Program and Section 68.71 for Program 3 Prevention Program

Applicability:

Owners/operators of a stationary source that stores/uses more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in process, and qualifies for either a Program 2 or Program 3 Prevention Program.

- Examples of regulated substances include:
 - Ammonia (10,000 lbs.)
 - Chlorine (2,500 lbs.)
 - Nitric acid (15,000 lbs.)
 - Propane; non-retail (10,000 lbs.)



Clean Air Act – Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions

Training Objective:

To minimize the potential for a catastrophic release of regulated substances in process.

Training Elements:

- 1. Initial training specific safety and health hazards; emergency operations, safe work practices.
- Refresher training to assure that the employee understands and adheres to current operating procedures.

Clean Air Act - Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions

Whom to Train:

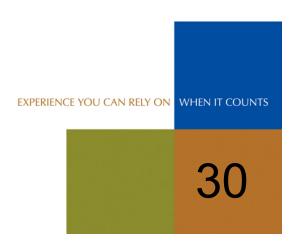
Employees involved in an operating process.

Trainer Qualifications:

Not specified; owner/operator is required to ensure adequate training.

Frequency/Duration:

- Initial training and prior to process startup.
- Refresher training at least every 3 years.



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